

## THE INTELLIGENCER.

Published Daily, Except Sunday, by

Intelligencer Publishing Co.,

25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

JOHN FREW, Pres. and Bus. Manager.

Terms Per Year, by Mail, in Advance,  
Postage Prepaid.

Daily (6 Days Per Week) 1 Year—\$5.20  
Daily, Six Months—2.80  
Daily, Three Months—1.30  
Daily, Three Days Per Week—3.00  
Daily, Two Days Per Week—2.00  
Daily, One Month—1.45  
Weekly, One Year, in Advance—1.00  
Weekly, Six Months—1.60

THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is delivered by carriers in Wheeling and adjacent towns at 10 cents per week. Persons wishing to subscribe to THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER can do so by sending in their orders to the Intelligencer office on postal cards or otherwise. They will be punctually served by carriers.

Tributes of Respect and Obituary Notices 5 cents per inch.  
Correspondence containing important news solicited from every part of the surrounding country.  
Rejected communications will not be returned unless accompanied by sufficient postage.

(The INTELLIGENCER, embracing its several editions, is entered in the Post-office at Wheeling, W. Va., as second-class matter.)

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:  
Editorial Rooms—523 | Counting Room—522

## THE INTELLIGENCER.

WHEELING, OCTOBER 25, 1899.

## An Irrational Order.

It would appear to most rational minds that Dr. Andrews, superintendent of the Chicago schools, has gone to the very extreme of fine distinctions in forbidding the use of Kipling's "Recessional" in the schools of that city. For what reason? Because, in his judgment, the children of agnostics and unbelievers should not be compelled to sing or recite the lines.

This is not the first time that Dr. Andrews has treated the country to some peculiar views. While president of Brown University, he made himself very conspicuous by defending the free coinage of silver scheme as enunciated in the Chicago platform of 1896. He was so persistent in his advocacy of the financial fallacy that it came near disrupting the university. It was eventually made so warm for him that he resigned the presidency.

Dr. Andrews may be a good educator in the technical sense, but we hardly believe he will be supported in his present eccentricity by the thoughtful men of the country. To be at all consistent he will be compelled to put under the ban of scholastic censorship much of the best and highest poetry whose motif is the highest power and whose song is of the uplifting of humanity.

Dr. Andrews comes almost within the ridiculous pale of that enjoyed by a certain straight-laced old professor who at one time filled a chair in the faculty of the West Virginia University. It was then the custom to have recitations in the chapel after religious services, and on one occasion a young man declaimed Longfellow's "Excelsior." After criticizing some faults in delivery and pronunciation this professor rather startled the body of students as well as the faculty by declaring that no young man should familiarize himself with that poem, for the reason that the sympathetic girl Longfellow pictured was, in his opinion, altogether too free and easy and eminently demoralizing in extending the invitation found in the lines:

"Oh, stay," the maiden said, "and rest  
Thy weary head upon this breast."

Rational and healthy minds are not prone to see such distortion unless their attention is called to it by others who cannot discover anything else but evil in the highest thoughts. The comparison may be somewhat strained, but it goes to show to what lengths the "higher order" of minds sometimes go. Dr. Andrews seems to have almost reached the borderline.

## As to Funston.

There is nothing diminutive about General Funston except his size, and small as he is in a physical sense he towers above many giants in patriotism and the preception of his duty and the responsibility of the Nation with respect to the Philippine Islands. On leaving the islands to be mustered out with his regiment, he expressed in a letter to a friend at home a desire to see the war through to a finish, not for any further honors that might come to him, but for other and more commendable reasons. His wish will be gratified, as the President the other day commissioned him to one of the vacant brigadier generalships.

In speaking of our moral and political rights in the archipelago, he says: "I have never for a minute had any qualms as to the justice of this war. We are right and they are wrong. These people rejected the peaceful overtures of the United States and chose to fight, from pure cussedness. They have by their delirious absolutely forfeited consideration at our hands."

"I think the islands a most valuable acquisition. Their natural resources in the way of timber and minerals are almost beyond computation, while large quantities of sugar, hemp and tobacco are exported yearly. From a strictly money standpoint they are great."

## The Prosperity of Protection.

The American Protective Tariff League has just completed its industrial census for the month of March, 1899, using that month as the basis of comparison with March, 1895, the former being nineteen months after the enactment of the Dingley tariff, while the latter was seven months after the enactment of the Wilson tariff of 1894. In the case of the earlier period the country had had considerably longer than seven months in which to settle down to an average level of results and conditions, for the reason that the period of well defined stagnation really began very soon after the election of Grover Cleveland in November, 1892.

"It is to be borne in mind," says the circular, "that our returns for March, 1899, flattering and significant though they be, fall considerably short of ade-

quately expressing the real progress made in nineteen months of practical protection. Everybody knows that a very important advance in the wage rate of the whole country has gone into effect since the close of March, 1899, our census month. Therefore our census fails to present the full facts of increased prosperity among American wage earners. We show that, compared with March, 1895, there was in the 1,957 establishments reporting a gain of 33.66 per cent for March 1899; that there was a gain on the gross sum of wages paid of \$3,461,235-58, this being \$4.09 per cent more than in March, 1895; and that while in March, 1895, the average rate of wages per capita for the month was \$33 36, the average wage rate per capita in March, 1899, had increased to \$38 86, being a gain of 16.49 per cent. Had this census been extended so as to include the months of April and May, 1899, the months in which the heaviest and most general advances in wages occurred, the percentage of increase in the per capita wage rate would undoubtedly have been above 15 per cent."

**The Refund.**  
It was to be expected that the Register would oppose the refund. But, instead of occupying over half a column of space on its editorial page yesterday morning in specious argument, how much better it would have been had the Register acted candidly with its readers. Then it would have said something like this:

We are against the refund; our principal stockholders have invested in high interest bearing bonds of the city, and of course we don't want a lower rate of interest substituted. Decidedly, the refund is a bad thing—for us.

But candor and the Register are unacquainted, and nothing like the above may be expected to appear in the Market street organ.

It is a violent presumption to expect fairness from the Democratic party. This has become more pronounced of late years. The opposition papers in Ohio are growing black and blue in the face over circulars asking office holders for contributions to campaign funds. They do not know that anyone has contributed, but they do know that the postoffice department has had posted in all postoffices a notice to this effect: "All employees connected with this office are hereby notified that they are under no obligation whatever by reason of their being in the public service to make contributions or subscriptions for political or other purposes, and that they will not be molested or in any way discriminated against for failure to so subscribe or contribute." It is the same with other features of the campaign that call for the commonest honesty of treatment. But we don't get it. We will not get it. So we are not disappointed.

The appeal of the committee of New York citizens who are raising a fund to perpetuate the Dewey arch in stone and bronze rather naively disclaims any exclusiveness in the affair, and expresses a desire that the arch shall be erected by the "contributions of the many, not the few." This means that they are ready and willing to receive the money of the people outside of New York to add them in a project that the immense wealth of the city could very well accomplish, if it would. The people of the country had to build the pedestal for the statue of Liberty on Bedloe's island, and if the Dewey arch is to be preserved at all we presume the American outlanders will have to do it.

The maintenance of American equality in the markets of the far east depends almost solely on the settlement of the Philippine question. "It is a matter," says the Chicago Tribune, "that touches the personal prosperity of a large proportion of the people of the south, and it is gratifying to know that they are beginning to realize the fact. When the next Democratic national convention meets there will be cotton spinners and growers among its delegates who will not be in sympathy with anti-expansion ideas, even if Mr. Bryan advocates them."

Governor Bushnell is doing no harm to a party that is too strong to be affected by base ingratitude. Mr. Nash need not be troubled by the resurrection of his resignation as trustee for the Ohio hospital for epileptics. By this act he strengthened himself in the strong affection of his party, and did not weaken himself where he was held in indifference.

The Boer officials claim that the English correspondents are coloring their dispatches to London. They certainly have a very sanguinary hue.

Philadelphia is after the coming national Republican convention. There are worse places than the Quaker City and few better.

The American mind doesn't dwell long on one excitement. Last week's yacht races are almost forgotten.

## A Test for Cigar Smokers.

New Orleans Times-Democrat: "I have a customer who thinks he smokes twenty-five cigars a day," said a New Orleans dealer. "As a matter of fact he smokes about three-eighths of that number. The other five-eighths represent what he gives away, lays down partly consumed and a generous disregard of 'butts.' However, he is firm in the conviction that he smokes more actual tobacco than any other man in New Orleans and a boast on the subject in my store yesterday led to a curious bet."

"He declared, to begin with, that he could smoke three ordinary cigars in half an hour, and a bystander remarked that no man alive could smoke even one cigar continuously, until it was consumed, without taking it from his lips. 'Bosh,' said the twenty-five-a-day gentleman, 'I do that right along and think nothing of it.' 'I'll bet you a box of perfectos you can't do it right now,' said the other, and in half a minute the wager was made. By its terms the cigar was to be consumed in steady, consecutive puffs and not removed from the lips until burned to a mark one and a quarter inches from the tip. A clear Havana, Colorado maduro in color, was selected for the test, and the smoker took it up and began."

He puffed like an engine for about two minutes and accumulated something under half an inch of ash, and then he began to wobble. He shifted the cigar from side to side, pulled slow and fast, and seemed to have difficulty getting his breath between the draws. At any rate he kept moving his head to avoid the smoke and finally got to

coughing. I could see he was in torture, but he stuck to it until he got within half an inch of the mark. Then he jumped up suddenly, threw the cigar away and walked out of the store. I paid the bet and charged it to his account, and he told me last night that the very idea of tobacco made him sick. It is not unlikely that the affair may lose me a good customer.

"I doubt whether it would be possible for anybody to smoke even a moderately strong cigar through in the manner I have described."

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

To the father of twins life seems but a span.  
The talkative parrot is merely an animated phonograph.

A friend in need is almost a nineteenth century rarity.  
The singer is seldom missed until the understudy tackles it.

A receipted bill is always considered a good certificate of honesty.

His Satanical majesty smiles every time he encounters a stingy man.

But for adversity some men would never know how little they can borrow.  
Storms of applause are apt to wreck the amateur speaker's train of thought.

Any young man may be a hero to a girl if he has the price of a box at the opera.

Love laughs less at locksmiths than it does at papa when he pays the locksmith's bill.

Occasionally a barber combs a man's hair as he combs it himself, but a tonorial artist never does.

When you see a pretty domestic in a home it is a sure sign that the head of the family isn't henpecked.

The average man spends a lot of money for experience and then gives other people the benefit of it free of charge.

If there is one thing more annoying than another it is to have the man sitting just behind you at the opera hum all the airs.—Chicago Daily News.

## REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

Every woman has an idea that she can make her eyes "flash" when she wants to.

Even in the face of a great loss no life can be wholly bitter that has its beautiful memories.

When people think the world is too small it is generally because they think themselves too big.

A woman's idea of a real romance is a girl who waved her hand at a man she didn't know, and in three days they were married.—New York Press.

## THE FLAVOR OF CHEESE.

Certain Kinds Must Be Made in Certain Places.

It is a curious fact that certain districts produce certain flavored cheeses, and that those cheeses cannot be produced except in their respective localities. It is now explained that there are specific forms of bacteria indigenous to those districts and not found elsewhere, and it is the presence of these in the milk that gives the local flavor. Various experiments have been made to ascertain if it is possible to cultivate these local bacteria and then transport them into districts producing inferior cheese. For instance, says a writer in Good Words, a certain cheese fungus has its home in Normandy, and probably in Normandy alone, and to its aid we are indebted for a certain kind of cheese. Cultures of this germ were obtained and sent to Holstein and artificially introduced into milk and set aside for cheese-making. The result was not altogether satisfactory, for though at times the cheese had a good Normandy flavor, at other times it reverted, apparently without reason, to that of the local Holstein. Herr Hodelmeyer, the experimenter, speaks feelingly of the disappointment and unaccountable relapses brought about by the subtle influence of the bacteria of the place, an influence which has hitherto resisted the successful working of the imported species.

It may be noticed in passing that the organisms bringing about every form of cheese ripening are not necessarily all bacteria, though always belonging to the great group of the fungi. Thus the distinctive flavors of Rochefort, Gorgonzola, Camembert and Stilton are induced by a blue mold, a fungus designated penicillium glaucum, a common enough variety, found often on old boots, crusts, jams, etc., which ramifies in the cheese and produces the striking blue veins and patches.

What doctrine in this day and generation! It is "regularity" run mad. It is a doctrine Americans have repudiated as immoral and unworthy of their manhood. In Pennsylvania Republicans who cannot tolerate the celebration of Quaker domination do not hesitate to advocate the election of Democratic candidates. In Chicago last spring one of Mr. Bryan's friends and supporters was re-elected mayor by tens of thousands of Republican votes. The growth of political independence, as everybody knows, has been the most striking feature of recent political progress. Yet Bryan has so little respect for his own reputation as to let to Kentucky Democrats that they cannot bolt Goebellism because, forsooth, that would make them responsible for the success of a Republican ticket!

Such amazing, reactionary, and stupid doctrine can only hurt those who pretend to hold them.

## Contentment.

"Sufficient to the day is the evil thereof," is often heard to hear it said. But how many people take it to heart, and carry it out in their heads?

If this was well practiced, instead of well preached, worries, troubles and temper would die; but we must forever be looking ahead and forecasting things with a sigh.

Do try to remember this practical word. Don't say you have too much to bear. Though misfortunes never come singly, you know.

Sufficient to the day is its care.—St. Paul's.

**Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.**  
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must use internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## LOW FARE TO PHILADELPHIA

Reduced rate tickets to Philadelphia, over the Pennsylvania lines, may be purchased by anybody on Thursdays, October 19 and 26, November 9 and 23. The round trip rate is the single fare, plus 50 cents, which includes an excursion coupon to National Export Exposition account of which low fare is offered. Return limit ten days. For particulars, apply to J. G. Tomlinson, ticket agent, Wheeling, W. Va. 15-23-25

## SPECIAL EXCURSIONS

To National Export Exposition, Philadelphia, Pa., Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

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## Quite a Distinction.

John L. Blair, in his earlier days, owned a western railroad along the route of which he established a series of lunch rooms, at which employees of the road were to be charged fifty and all passengers seventy-five cents. Mr. Blair once dined at one of these places, and, concluding his meal, laid down a half dollar. "Hold on!" cried the cashier, "you don't belong to this road." "I know that," replied Mr. Blair, "the road belongs to me."

## Passing of the Horse.

So soon as nature sees an improvement, there is a change. The spinning wheel to machinery, the horse to the automobile. The fact that Hecstetter's Stomach Bitters has been sold for over half a century proves its value. There is nothing to equal it for stomach or liver trouble. It is Nature's own remedy, and the only one to cure dyspepsia or weak stomach.

Just out of reach, is where every man would like to be when danger threatened him. Disease is more dangerous than any wild beast. To be just out of reach of disease, is safer than to engage it in a death struggle with doubtful results. The secret of keeping just out of reach



of disease is in keeping the blood pure and rich. Pure blood offers no breeding ground for disease germs. Rich blood creates a vigorous vital force to resist disease. This ideal condition of the blood is best obtained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. In thousands of cases where there has been obstinate cough, bronchitis, spitting of blood, weakness or other ailments which if neglected lead on to consumption, "Golden Medical Discovery" has healed the disease and put the life just out of reach of the destroyer.

There is no alcohol or other intoxicant contained in "Golden Medical Discovery." "After using about five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, my boy seems to be all right," writes Mr. W. H. Price, of Oak Grove Co., Ohio. "He was very weak when I commenced to give him the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' The doctors claimed he had consumption and we doctored with them until he was past walking. It has been some months since he stopped taking your medicine and he is still in good health. We are very thankful to you for saving our son."

Free. The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free by Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., on receipt of stamps to defray expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper covered edition, or 31 stamps for same edition in cloth binding.

## QUESTIONS DODGED.

Independent View of Mr. Bryan's Refusal to Answer Interrogatories.

Chicago Evening Post: At Louisville the independents who are supporting John Young Brown for governor, submitted to W. J. Bryan a neat little list of pertinent queries bearing on his attitude toward the Kentucky split. They could not be answered with platitudes, and an honest and sincere answer would have exposed Bryan's repudiation of all political morality in making common cause with Goebellism. Evasion was the only course available, and Bryan eagerly chose it.

He declined to give his opinion of the fraudulent Goebel election law. He refused to say what he thought of the right of a packed convention, ruled by a despotic chairman with the aid of armed police, to make nominations for the party whose will it subverted and defied. He had not come, he declared, to sit in judgment on any particular convention or to analyze the details of any election law. He had come to advocate Goebel's election. In so other words, notwithstanding the evidence of trickery, violence, usurpation, and turpitude which thousands of loyal party Democrats, ardent supporters of silver and Bryanism, were ready and anxious to present against Goebel as the sole reason against the championship of his cause by their national leader.

But what excuse had Bryan to offer for his refusal to consider Goebel's moral fitness to represent the people of Kentucky? This excuse—and it is one which must make fair-minded and intelligent Democrats hang their heads in shame: "I come to say—and I say with emphasis—that if there was anything done in that convention that a Democrat does not think ought to have been done, I ask of that Democrat what his remedy is? Is it to elect a Republican governor and Republican officials? The man who tries to correct a Democratic convention by electing a Republican governor assumes responsibility for all that governor does after he has been elected."

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J. S. Rhodes &amp; Co.

## THIS WEEK'S BARGAINS.

Children's Sleeping Garments.....25c  
Ladies' Union Suits.....39c  
Remnants of Plain White Outing Flannels, the 10c kind.....8c  
50 dozen Fine Damask Towels, 65c, 75c and 85c grades, choice of lot. 50c  
Bleached Bath Towels, good quality and large.....10c Each  
Country Made All Wool Blankets, worth \$2.50—for this sale both plain and plaid.....\$2.98  
50 pieces of Torchon Lace 3 to 4 inches wide, the 10c kind.....5c

J. S. RHODES &amp; CO.

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Mr. W. H. Van Tine (formerly with Van Tine &amp; Lippert Co.) can be addressed at Fort Henry Club or McLure Hotel, Wheeling, W. Va.

Amusements.

## \*OPERA HOUSE\*

Tuesday and Wednesday, October 24th and 25th—Matinee Wednesday.  
The Gorgeous Spectacular Pantomime, FALL AND RISE OF

## Humpty-Dumpty.

The most elaborate and costly production of "Mother Goose's Fairy Story ever given."

40—PEOPLE—40  
Night Prices: Balcony, 25c; reserved seats in balcony, 50c; reserved seats on lower floor, 75c and \$1.00.  
Matinee Prices: 50c and 50c.

## OPERA HOUSE.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 26.  
The most pretentious Comic Opera offering of the season. The Broadway Opera Company in DeKoven & Smith's tuneful masterpiece.

## "The Highwayman."

The cast numbers 28 artist, including the renowned singer, Mr. ARTHUR DEAGON.  
Prices: Balcony, 50 and 75 cents; lower floor, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Reserved seats on sale at Opera House Box Office Wednesday, October 25th, at 9 a. m.

## OPERA HOUSE. One Night Only.

Friday, Oct. 27.  
Marie Lamour and Frederick Murphy

with a strong supporting company, presenting Wilfred Clarke's farcical success.

## "A WISE WOMAN."

Prices—Balcony 25 and 50 cents. Reserved seats on lower floor 75 cents and \$1.00. Reserved seat sale commences Thursday morning, Oct. 26 at 9 a. m.

## GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

One solid week, commencing Monday night, October 23. Daily matinees commencing Tuesday.

## Little Irene Myers

and an excellent supporting company in a repertoire of popular plays. Change of play each night. Night prices, 10, 20 and 30c. Matinee prices, 10 and 20c.

## Furitan Sas Range.

## Servants

are more contented and do better work when they have the labor saving Gas Range in the kitchen.

## Mistresses

are unanimous in saying that it makes a new thing of housekeeping, and as for the resulting cookery, why the most exacting

## Head of the Family

will admit that it is simply perfection.

THE PURITAN is the best Gas Range made. We have them in all styles. Call and examine.

## Nesbitt &amp; Bro.,

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Kante.

## STANDARD MALE QUARTETTE,

OF WHEELING, W. VA.  
Open to sing at Concerts, Receptions, Musical, etc. For terms apply to PROF. T. LLEWELLYN WILLIAMS,

1205 Market Street.

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FOR SALE—30 SECOND HAND HEAD, ING and Cooking Stoves. Call on A. B. BARNETT, 10 and 12 West first street.

WANTED—CABINET MAKER AND upholsterer; a first-class position in a good workman. Apply at once to P. MULL, Zanesville, O.

## STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.